

Materials

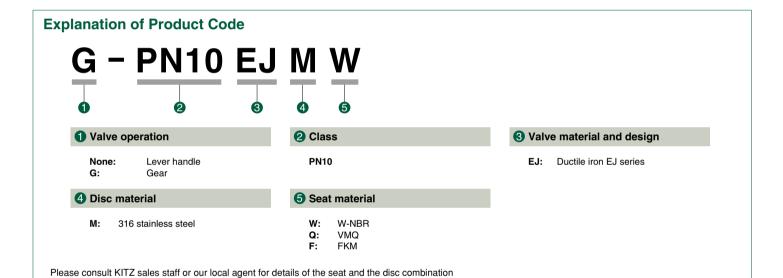
Parts	Materials
Body	Ductile iron (EN-GJS-450-10)
Stem	Stainless Steel (AISI 410)
Disc	Stainless Steel (A351 Gr.CF8M)
Seat	W-NBR (White NBR)
	VMQ (Silicone rubber)
	FKM (Fluoro rubber)
O-ring	FKM
Bearing	Stainless Steel
Stem bearing	Multi-layered bearing*
Plug	Zinc die-cast
Bottom stem	Stainless Steel (AISI 410)

^{*} Tetrafluoroethylene resin filled overlayer, a sintered bronze interlayer and a steel backing.

Flange Table

Stan	dard		BS EN 1092	BS10	ASME B16.5		
Si	ze	PN6	PN10	PN16	Table E	Class150	
inch	mm	FINO	FINIO	FINIO	Table	Classio	
2	50	•	•	•	•	A	
21/2	65	A	•	•	•	A	
3	80	•	•	•	•	•	
4	100	•	•	•	•	•	
5	125	•	A	A	_	•	
6	150	•	•	•	_	•	
8	200	•	•	•	_	•	
10	250	•	_	•	_	_	
12	300	•	_	_	_	_	

- Standard mounting
- ▲ : Special mounting (Proper centering is required)

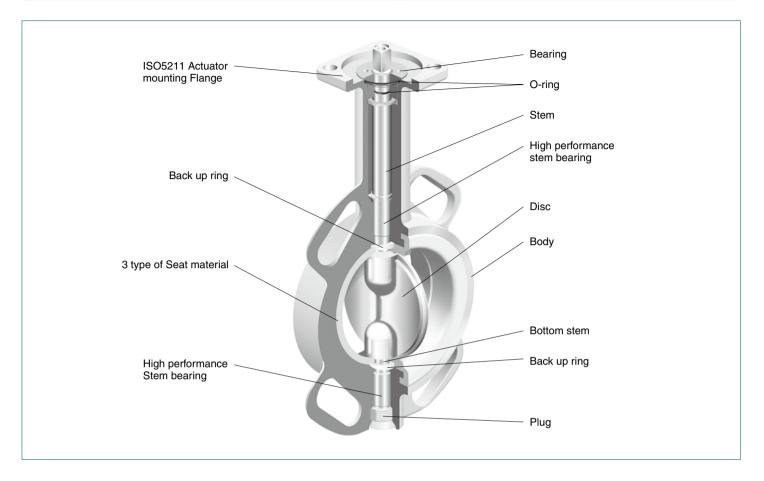


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Precautions

Please consult KITZ sales staff or our local agent for vacuum service.

Design feature



3 type of Seat material.

The 3 type of seat material are; VMQ(Silicone rubber) which can be used for a wide range of temperature applications, W-NBR(White NBR), which is suitable for use in the food processing industry and FKM(Fluoro rubber) which has properties such as strength and durability idea for use on variety of fluid applications. W-NBR and VMQ meet the requirement of FDA.*

*All the above chemical materials used are approved by FDA, and the seats are manufactured within the maximum allowable limitations and restrictions.

Suitable for various flanges.

All the sizes are suitable for the flanges of EN1092 PN6, PN10, PN16 / BS10 Table E/ASME Class125 and Class150

■Integral ISO 5211 actuator mounting flange.

Any pneumatic or electric valve actuator provided with ISO 5211 valve mounting flange can be easily mounted for actuation of valves in the field.

■High performance stem bearing having additional strength to withstand high temperature and high pressure.

The stem bearing of the EJ series is a multilayered backmetal to provide a high performance bearing surface capable of withstanding high pressure and temperature.

■Backup ring to maintain the stem sealing.

The backup ring around the stem maintains the performance of the stem sealing caused by the movement of the stem / disc in the sealing / seat of valve.

Stainless steel bearing features.

Within the stainless upper body bearing is a multi-layered bearing embedded to provide smooth stem operation. Housed also within the stem bearing is a snap ring to provide protection and prevent blow out of the stem due to internal pressure.

Polished disc.

The polished disc is standard for VMQ and optional for W-NBR seats for use within the food and pharmaceutical industry.

Technical Specifications

Maximum service pressure

PN10 10bar (1.0MPa)

Body material

Ductile iron EN-GJS-450-10, Equivalent to ASTM A536 Gr. 65-45-12, BS 2789 Gr. 40/10*1

*1 Obsolete Standard.

Applicable standards

Valve design EN 593:2004

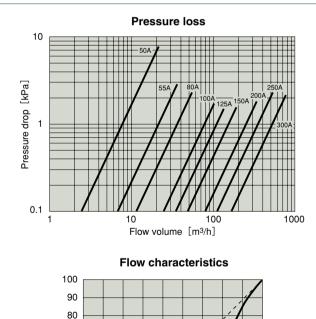
Coupling flanges

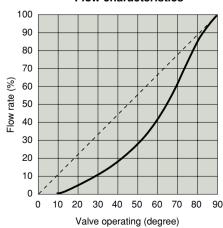
Wafer type EN1092 PN6, PN10, PN16

BS10 Table E

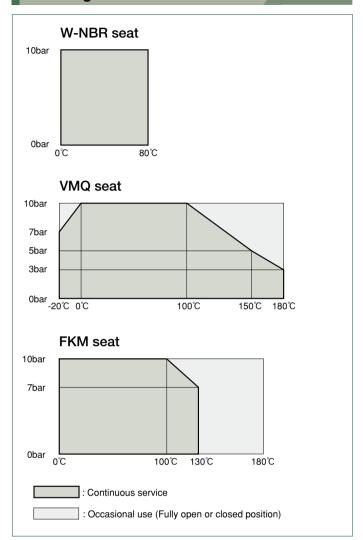
ASME Class125, Class150

Technical Data





P-T rating



Flow coefficient (Cv)

Si	ze				Open degree						
mm	inch	20°	30°	40°	50°	60°	70°	80°	90°		
50	2	8	17	29	42	56	75	86	88		
65	21/2	16	36	60	88	122	172	219	246		
80	3	21	45	75	113	165	248	345	415		
100	4	3	65	109	172	274	446	689	886		
125	5	47	95	160	255	406	655	997	1250		
150	6	68	138	234	375	598	958	1430	1760		
200	8	116	241	419	681	1080	1700	2470	2900		
250	10	160	325	575	950	1510	2420	3460	4020		
300	12	258	493	859	1410	2260	3610	5160	6010		

Cv is defined as the flow in GPM that a valve will carry with a pressure drop of 1.0 psi, when the media is 60°F water.

Kv = Cv / 1.167

Kv is defined as the flow is in m3/h that valve will carry with a pressure drop of 1.0 bar, when the media is 5 to 30°C water.

Certificates

KITZ has always firmly believed that its Products and Service must be backed by the most demanding. Approvals and Certificates, as clear proof of maximum quality assurance. This has resulted in an ongoing detail improvement of our products and service.

ISO 9001



KITZ EJ series are meeting FDA requirement PED-CE $\mbox{\ \ ATEX\ \ }$

ATEX







Options

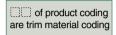


Lever Operated (Size 50 to 200)

Wafer Type

BS PN16 Design

PN10EJM



For trim material coding, please refer to page 3.

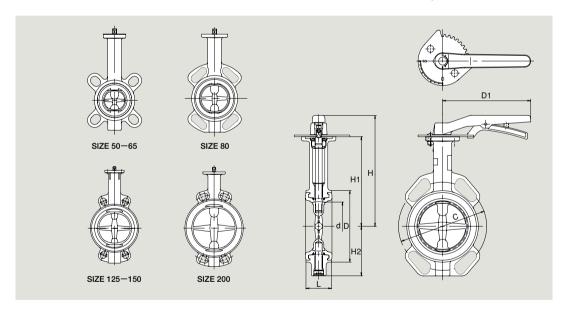








Polished disc is option.



BS PN10 Design

Dimensions

Valve	Size	4		114	110		Ь	0	D1	
inch	mm	d	Н	H1	H2	L	D	С	l Di	
2	50	50	191	147	67	43	90	125	180	
21/2	65	65	199	155	75	46	104	145	180	
3	80	79	217	173	91	46	124	160	180	
4	100	100	227	183	101	52	146	180	180	
5	125	125	265	211	127	56	176	210	230	
6	150	147	277	223	139	56	206	240	230	
8	200	197	287	248	169	60	257	295	350	

Gear Operated (Size 250 to 300)

Wafer Type

BS PN16 Design

PN10EJ

of product coding are trim material coding

For trim material coding, please refer to page 3.

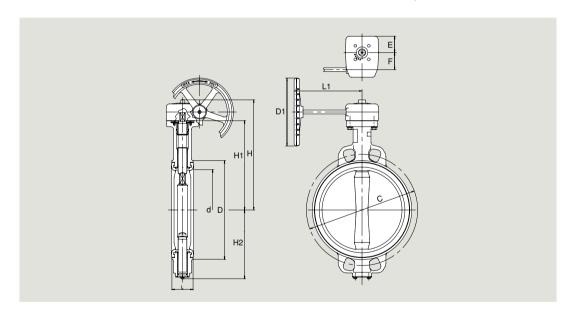








Polished disc is option.



BS PN10 Design

Dimensions

Valve	Size	۵	ш	H1	Пo			6	D1	14	-	_
inch	mm	u	п	П'	П2	L	0	C	וט	LI	_ =	
10	250	245	381	304	229	68	316	355	250	250	60	63
12	300	295	406	329	254	78	367	410	250	250	60	63

Bolting Data

Hexagon head bolt+Hexagon nut



Fla	nge	PN6			PN10			PN16			BS 10 TalbeE			ASME B16.5 Class150		
mm	inch	Size	L	No.	Size	L	No.	Size	L	No.	Size	L	No.	Size	L	No.
50	2	M12	90	4	M16	105	4	M16	105	4	5/8	95	4	5/8	105	4
65	21/2	M12	90	4	M16	105	4	M16	105	4	5/8	100	4	5/8	115	4
80	3	M16	100	4	M16	105	8	M16	105	8	5/8	100	4	5/8	115	4
100	4	M16	110	4	M16	115	8	M16	115	8	5/8	110	8	5/8	125	8
125	5	M16	115	8	M16	115	8	M16	115	8	5/8	115	8	3/4	130	8
150	6	M16	115	8	M20	120	8	M20	120	8	3/4	115	8	3/4	135	8
200	8	M16	125	8	M20	130	8	M20	140	12	3/4	125	8	3/4	145	8
250	10	M16	135	12	M20	140	12	M24	155	12	3/4	140	12	7/8	160	12
300	12	M20	150	12	M20	155	12	M24	170	12	7/8	160	12	7/8	170	12

Stud bolt+Hexagon nut



Fla	nge	PN6			PN10			PN16			BS 10 TalbeE			ASME B16.5 Class150		
mm	inch	Size	L	No.	Size	L	No.	Size	L	No.	Size	L	No.	Size	L	No.
50	2	M12	110	4	M16	125	4	M16	125	4	5/8	120	4	5/8	120	4
65	21/2	M12	110	4	M16	130	4	M16	130	4	5/8	120	4	5/8	130	4
80	3	M16	120	4	M16	130	8	M16	130	8	5/8	120	4	5/8	130	4
100	4	M16	130	4	M16	135	8	M16	135	8	5/8	130	8	5/8	150	8
125	5	M16	140	8	M16	140	8	M16	140	8	5/8	140	8	3/4	160	8
150	6	M16	140	8	M20	145	8	M20	145	8	3/4	140	8	3/4	160	8
200	8	M16	150	8	M20	155	8	M20	165	12	3/4	150	8	3/4	170	8
250	10	M16	160	12	M20	170	12	M24	185	12	3/4	160	12	7/8	190	12
300	12	M20	180	12	M20	185	12	M24	200	12	7/8	190	12	7/8	200	12

Precautions for Trouble-free Operation of KITZ Butterfly Valves

Valve Selection

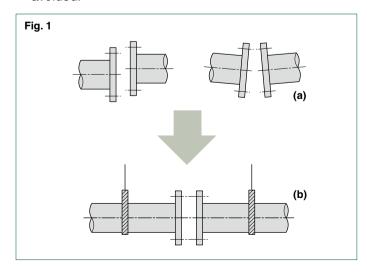
- 1. Ensure to select a valve with design specifications which meet the fluid type and the pressure and temperature conditions required.
- 2. Lubricants are applied to discs and rubber seats and PTFE seats as standard to protect their surfaces.
- 3. Contact KITZ Corporation or its local distributors for service with pulverulent bodies.

Storage and Handling

Valves must be stored in dry, clean and corrosion-free environment with no direct exposure to the sun, leaving valves open by 10° for prevention of permanent distortion of resilient seats. Refrain from overloading valves and their actuators, such as storing them in piles or placing other objects on them.

Mounting on Pipelines

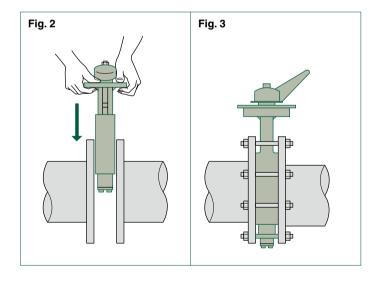
- 1. Valves must be mounted on flanges only after flanges have been welded to pipes and cooled down to the atmospherical temperature. Otherwise, welding heat may affect the quality of resilient seats.
- 2. Edges of welded flanges must be machined for smooth surface finish so that they may not damage resilient seats during valve mounting. Flange faces must be free from damage or deformation, and be cleaned to remove rust or any other foreign objects so that there will be no concern of external leakage through valve and flange connections. Gaskets are not required for mounting KITZ EJ series butterfly valves.
- 3. Clean flanges and pipe bores to thoroughly remove welding spatters, scales and other foreign objects which may have been left inside.
- 4. Accurate centering of each couple of upstream and downstream pipes is essential for trouble-free operation of valves mounted between them. Incorrect centering shown in Fig. 1 must be by all means avoided.

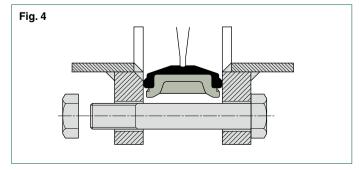


- 5. For valve mounting, set jack bolts under the pipes for flat support at the same height, and adjust the flangeto-flange distance so that some 6 mm to 10 mm room may be allowed beside the both sides of the valve body.
 - Remember that valves here must be left open only by 10° from the fully closed position.
- 6. Mount Valve carefully so that flange faces may not damage resilient seats. (Fig. 2)
- 7. Then set bolts into the guides of a valve, ensuring the correct centering between pipes and the valve.
- 8. Trially open the valve to check to see if there is no disturbing contact between the valve disc and the flanges.
- 9. Remove the jack bolts, tighten bolts alternately and diagonally till the flanges contact the valve body (Fig. 3 and 4). Refer to the table shown right for recommended torque values.

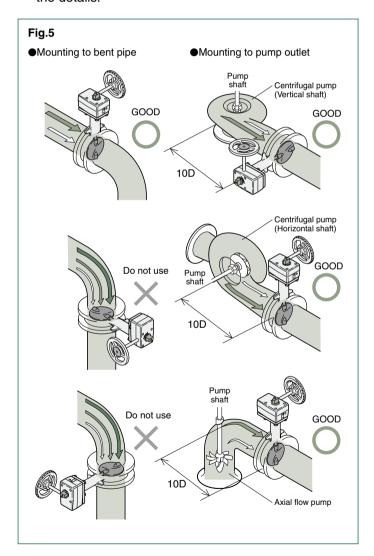
Recommended torque values

DN	N∙m (kgf⋅m)
50	
65	63(6)
80	03(0)
100	
125	
150	111(11)
200	
250	177/10\
300	177(18)



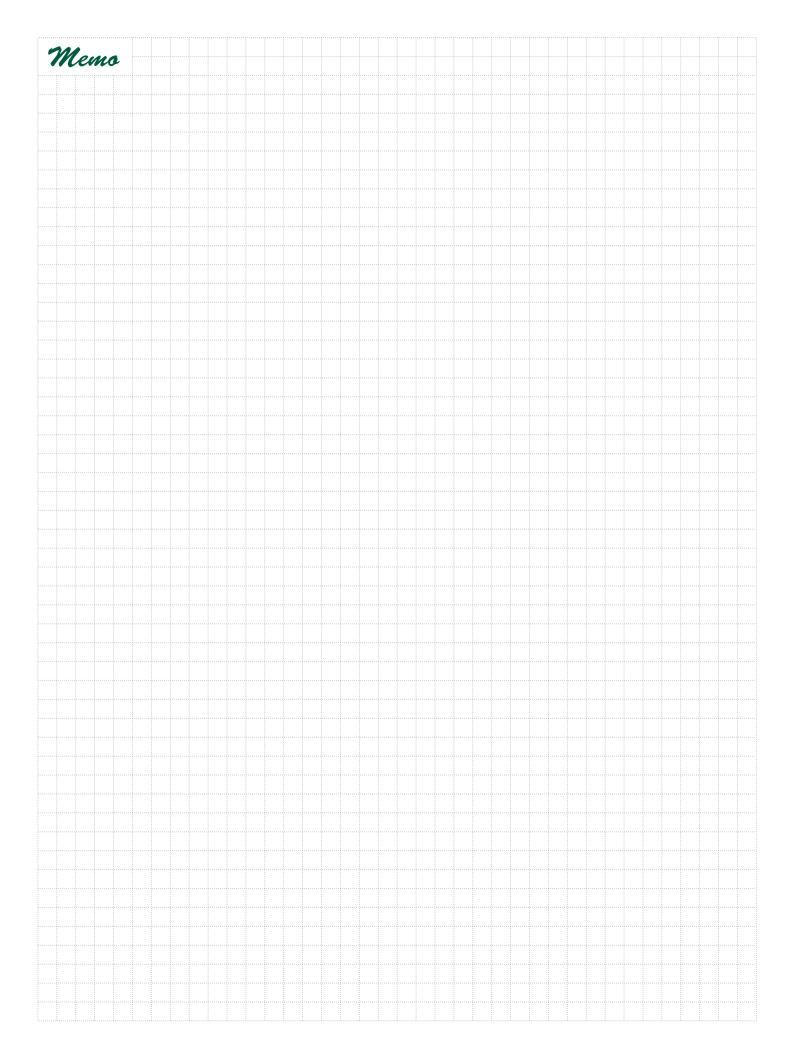


- 10. For mounting actuated valves, provide valve supports to prevent bending of valve necks and reduce valve and pipe vibration.
- 11. Don't step on valve necks or valve handwheels.
- 12.Don't mount valves of DN350 and larger with their operations upside down.
- 13. Don't mount butterfly valves directly to check valves or pumps, which may cause damage to them by the disc contacts.
- 14. Don't mount valves to downstream sides of elbows, reducers or regulating valves where fluid velocity changes. It is recommended to install valves approximately 10 times of the valve nominal sizes away from them for such cases.
- 15.Mount valves taking consideration of the effects which discs are given by fluid velocity or pressure chages in the pipings. Refer to the illustrations. (Fig.5) Contact KITZ Corporation or its local distributors for the details.



Valve Operation

- 1.Valves equipped with manual operators such as levers, and handles of gears must be ONLY MANUALLY operated. Application of an excessive external force to operate valves may result in malfunction of valves and their operators.
- 2.Ensure to fully open valves before a loop test of the piping system is carried out with line pressure higher than the nominal pressure of tested valves. Never use closed valves in place of blind flanges.
- 3.When valves need to be dismantled from pipes for maintenance or any other cause, ensure to thoroughly releave the line pressure beforehand. Loosening piping bolts under line pressure causes a danger. Any residual fluid left inside the pipeline must be completely drained.
- 4.Users should contact KITZ Corporation or its local distributors for technical advice, when valves should be continuously pressurized while left open by 30° or less
- Don't use position indicators to operate valves, or overload position indicators. This may cause damage to indicators.
- 6.Ensure to use blind flanges when butterfly valves are mounted at the end of pipelines.
- 7.Standard actuators are referenced in this catalog for actuated valve operation. Contact KITZ Corporation or its local distributors for mounting optional actuators.
- 8. Contact KITZ Corporation for service at hopper or pump outlets.
- 9. Avoid touching gear operators and actuator stopper bolts accidentally.
- 10.It is recommended to perform periodical inspection for
 - Making sure of valve opening degree
 - Checking loosened bolts and leakage at each connection
 - · Checking vibration and noise
- 11. Refer to instruction manual for other precautions. Also refer to actuator catalogs and instruction manuals for actuated valves.





Pressure-temperature ratings and other performance data published in this catalog have been developed from our design calculation, in-house testing, field reports provided by our customers and/or published official standards or specifications. They are good only to cover typical applications as a general guideline to users of KITZ products introduced in this catalog.

For any specific application, users are kindly requested to contact KITZ Corporation for technical advice, or to carry out their own study and evaluation for proving suitability of these products to such an application. Failure to follow this request could result in property damage and/or personal injury, for which we shall not be liable.

While this catalog has been compiled with the utmost care, we assume no responsibility for errors, impropriety or inadequacy. Any information provided in this catalog is subject to from-time-to-time change without notice for error rectification, product discontinuation, design modification, new product introduction or any other cause that KITZ Corporation considers necessary. This edition cancels all previous issues.

Read instruction manual carefully before use.



If any products designated as strategic material in the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Law, Cabinet Order Concerning Control of Export Trade, Cabinet Oeder Concerning Control of Foregn Exchange and other related laws and ordinances ("Foreign Exchange Laws") are exported to any foreign country or countries, an export license issued by the Japanese Government will be required under the Foreign Exchange Laws.

Futher, there may be cases where an export license issued by the government of the United States or other country will be required under the applicable export-related laws and ordinances in such relevant countries.

The contract shall become effective subject to that a relevant export license is obtained from the Japanese Government.



A chrysanthemum-handle is a symbol of KITZ, the brand of valve reliability



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